

Billing Guidelines For Punctal Occlusion

Introduction

Beaver-Visitec International (BVI) has developed this guide to provide you with the basic information for obtaining reimbursement for punctal occlusion. We recommend that you review the official instructions from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and local Medicare carriers and to be familiar with the rules and definitions published in Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®). We also suggest that you check with local insurance carriers for approved diagnosis codes and any payer-specific usage guidelines for these services.

Op-Notes

To assist you with filing, Beaver-Visitec provides Op-Notes (peel-and-stick documentation labels) with each punctal occluder. It is important that you use these labels in the patient's chart. These labels specify plug type, size and lot number, along with other required information for traceability.

Op-Notes for various Parasol® products may differ slightly from the example shown here.



Documentation Should Include

- Patient's complaints normally associated with dry eye syndrome (e.g., dryness, redness, burning, reflex tearing, itching, foreign body sensation, grittiness, stinging, soreness, photophobia and pain).
- Physical examination results, including external examination and slit-lamp biomicroscopy exam.
- Results from one or more of the following diagnostic tests: tear break-up time test (TBUT); Schirmer test; ocular surface dye staining pattern (rose bengal, fluorescein, or lissamine green).
- Evidence of a trial period of artificial tears that proved unsuccessful in relieving the patient's symptoms, preceding the decision to place the lacrimal punctal plugs.
- Operative report to include the type of plug used and which puncta were involved.
- Documentation on follow-up visits after placement of the collagen or silicone plugs that indicate the status of the patient's symptoms.
- Discuss and document any risks and benefits of punctal occlusion as well as alternative therapeutic options.

Frequently Asked Questions

Q: Does Medicare cover punctal occlusion?

Yes. Use 68761 (closure of lacrimal punctum; by plug, each to describe the professional service. The same code applies whether permanent or temporary plugs are inserted. Medicare reimbursement for the procedure includes payment for the plugs.

Q: What is the Medicare reimbursement for punctal occlusion with plugs?

In 2018, the national Medicare Physician Fee Schedule allowed amount for 68761 (temporary or permanent plug) for participating physicians is \$152.28. This amount is adjusted by local indices in each area. When more than one punctum is occluded at the same time, multiple surgery rules apply. The first procedure is allowed at 100% and each additional procedure is allowed at 50%.

Q: What documentation is required by Medicare?

Medicare and most other payers expect that a minor surgical procedure, such as 68761, will not be performed as an initial treatment for dry eyes. In general, when medical therapy is not effective or contraindicated, punctal occlusion may be accomplished by inserting lacrimal punctal plugs into the punctal orifice to decrease tear clearance and increase retention of the tear film by blocking the outflow of tears to the nasolacrimal system. The chart should include documentation

on all other unsuccessful therapies. Your chart documentation should clearly state that you reviewed the risks and benefits of this procedure with the patient, along with non-surgical alternatives. The chart should confirm that you have obtained the patient's consent for the procedure.

Q: Can I bill an office visit on the same day as the insertion of the plugs?

CPT code 68761 is considered to be minor surgery by the CPT and follows all rules surrounding minor surgical procedures. In accordance with minor surgical rules, an office visit (either 920XX or 992XX) is generally not billable as a separate service when performed on the same date of service as CPT code 68761, as reimbursement for the 68761 code itself already includes compensation for the office visit related to the decision to perform minor surgery. This rule is consistent amongst all medical carriers.

Use of modifier 25 (*Significant, Separately Identifiable Evaluation and Management Service by the Same Physician or Other Qualified Health Care Professional on the Same Day of the Procedure or Other Service*) should be very rare when used in conjunction with occlusion of the punctum(a).

Q: How do I submit a claim?

For detailed diagnosis and procedure codes, along with a sample reimbursement claim, see the reverse side of this guide.

